

Title: Conduction System Pacing and Atrioventricular Node Ablation in Heart Failure: The PACE-FIB Study Design

Daniel Rodríguez Muñoz, *et al.*

- 1 **Supplementary Table.** Definition of safety endpoints. AE, adverse event; ADE, adverse device effect; CIP, clinical investigation plan; DD, device deficiencies;
- 2 SAE, serious adverse event; SADE, adverse device effect; USADE, unanticipated serious adverse device effects.

| Safety endpoint | Definition |
|-----------------|---|
| AE | Untoward medical occurrence, unintended disease or injury, or untoward clinical signs (including abnormal laboratory findings) in subjects , users or other persons, whether or not related to the investigational medical device and whether anticipated or unanticipated. Note 1 to entry: This definition includes events related to the investigational medical device or the comparator . Note 2 to entry: This definition includes events related to the procedures involved. Note 3 to entry: For users or other persons, this definition is restricted to events related to the use of investigational medical devices or comparators. |
| SAE | Adverse event that led to any of the following: a) death, b) serious deterioration in the health of the subject , users, or other persons as defined by one or more of the following: 1) a life-threatening illness or injury, or 2) a permanent impairment of a body structure or a body function including chronic diseases, or 3) in-patient or prolonged hospitalization, or 4) medical or surgical intervention to prevent life-threatening illness or injury, or permanent impairment to a body structure or a body function, c) foetal distress, foetal death, a congenital abnormality, or birth defect including physical or mental impairment. Note 1 to entry: Planned hospitalization for a pre-existing condition, or a procedure required by the CIP, without serious deterioration in health, is not considered a serious adverse event. |
| ADE | Related to the use of an investigational medical device . Note 1 to entry: This definition includes adverse events resulting from insufficient or inadequate instructions for use, deployment, implantation, installation, or operation, or any malfunction of the investigational medical device. Note 2 to entry: This definition includes any event resulting from use error or from intentional misuse of the investigational medical device. Note 3 to entry: This includes ‘ <i>comparator</i> ’ if the comparator is a medical device. |
| SADE | Adverse device effect that has resulted in any of the consequences characteristic of a serious adverse event. |

- 3 Source: ISO 14155:2020 [43].

- 4 **Supplementary Table.** Definition of safety endpoints. AE, adverse event; ADE, adverse device effect; CIP, clinical investigation plan; DD, device deficiencies;
- 5 SAE, serious adverse event; SADE, adverse device effect; USADE, unanticipated serious adverse device effects.

| Safety endpoint | Definition |
|-----------------|---|
| USADE | Serious adverse device effect which by its nature, incidence, severity or outcome has not been identified in the current risk assessment. Note 1 to entry: Anticipated serious adverse device effect (ASADE) is an effect which by its nature, incidence, severity or outcome has been identified in the risk assessment. |
| DD | Inadequacy of a medical device with respect to its identity, quality, durability, reliability, usability, safety or performance Note 1 to entry: Device deficiencies include malfunctions , use errors , and inadequacy in the information supplied by the manufacturer including labelling. Note 2 to entry: This definition includes device deficiencies related to the investigational medical device or the comparator . |

- 6 Source: ISO 14155:2020 [46].