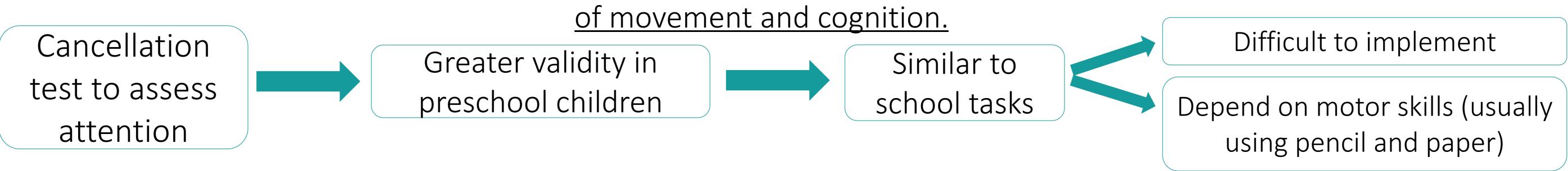
Digital Teddy: a tool to assess children's selective attention

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Introduction

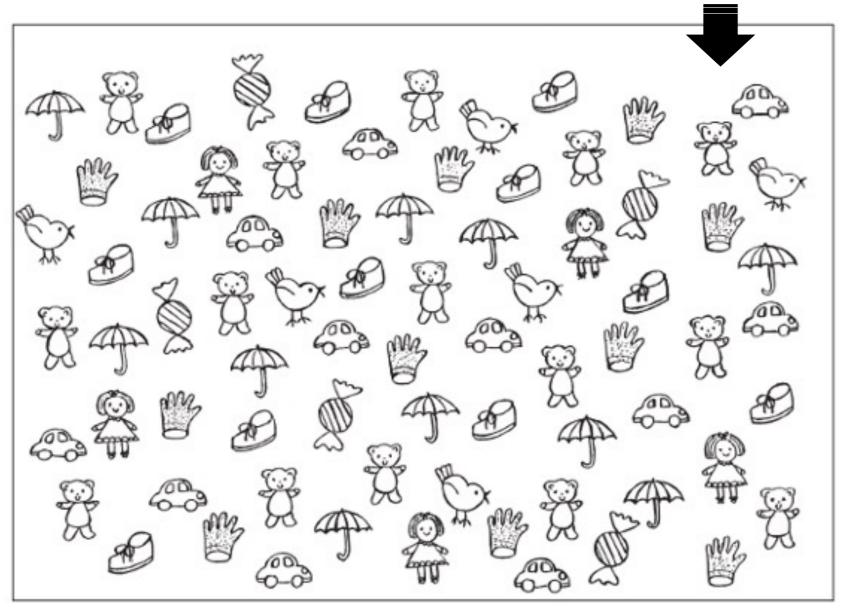
Efficient selective attention is essential in daily life and plays an important role in childhood as it facilitates the development



This study aims to determine the validity and usability of Digital Teddy App

Teddy Bear Cancellation Test (TBCT)

Laurent-Vannier et al. 2001



For children aged between 3 and 8 years old

Paper-and-pencil test "cancellation" of targets (15 teddy bears) in a sheet with 60 distractors.

Evaluation is based on three parameters: number of omissions; location of omissions and location of the first three teddy bears identified.

Material and methods

The usability of the application and the validity of the data obtained were determined

TBCT vs Digital Teddy, conditions presented in a randomized order.



Children were asked to cancel targets with dominance hand finger.

The sessions were recorded to obtain precise data from the paper version

Variables

Number of omissions (NO), number of TB not crossed out; number of errors (NE), time between the beginning and the end (in seconds) and accuracy (acc*) were recorded.



Conclusions

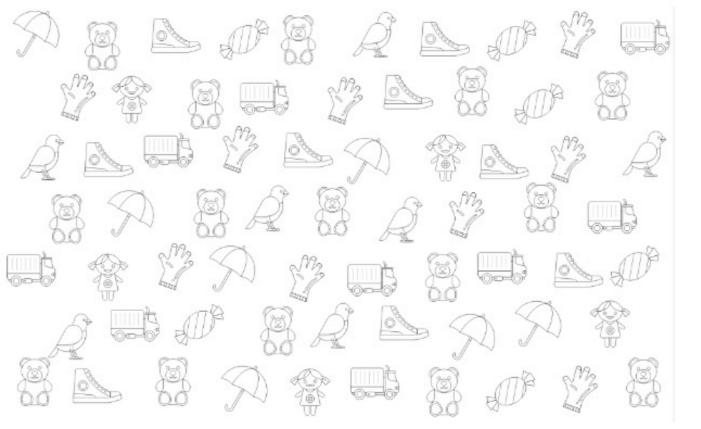
The accuracy, time and number of omissions improves with age. The digital version seems not to be valid for children under 36 months old.

This study shows that Digital Teddy is suitable to reproduce the original TBCT in children >36 months.

More data are being collected in children >36 months to deeply study Digital Teddy psychometric properties.

Digital Teddy

Digital Teddy app was developed for the Android OS



Examiners can create tests using the interface, which contains different options: number and type of objects, random placement of targets (VI) (II) and distractors, etc.

CSV file; as well as the configuration of the level.

During sessions, each

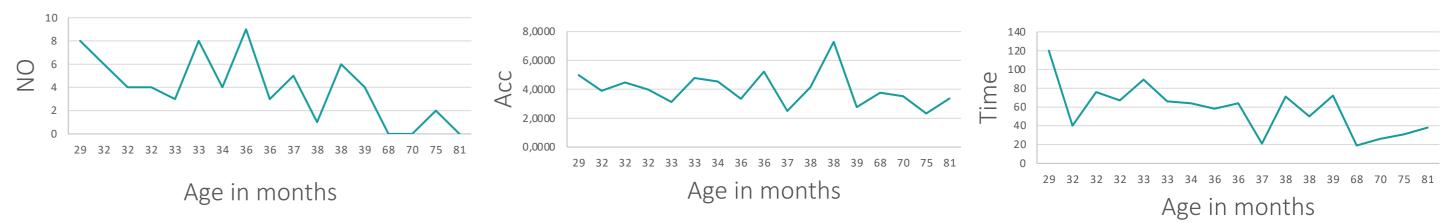
interaction of the child with

the tablet is recorded in a

Results

AGE IN MONTHS (mean, SD)	43,71 ±17,42	AGE IN YEARS (mean, SD)	3,18 ±1,43
Distribution of months	N	Distribution of age	N
29-32 months	4	2	7
33-36 months	5	3	6
37-39 months	4	5	2
68-81 months	4	6	2
GENDER	N	HAND DOMINANCE	N
Male	8	Right	14
Female	9	Left	2
		Not defined	1

Data have a normal distribution



There was no significant difference in the study variables comparing paper and digital version, except NO and time

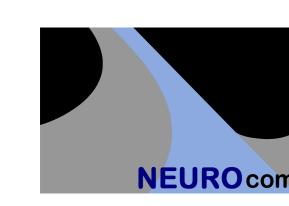
	mean, SD		Mean difference	
NO	Paper	3,06 <u>±</u> 3,344	<,001	
NO	Digital	3,94±2,839	 001	
Errors	Paper	1,94±2,749	,077	
LIIOIS	Digital	3,24±3,093	,077	
Time	Paper	56,067±23,731	,022	
Tillie	Digital	57,18±26,375	,022	

There was no significant differences in NO between both versions in children up to 36 months

NO		mean, SD	p
<36m	Paper	4,89 <u>±</u> 3,621	,012
	Digital	5,44±2,351	,012
>36m	Paper	1,00±1,195	,558
	Digital	2.25 ± 2.435	,556

No other significant differences were found by age group

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